AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY JUNE 1, 2007 AMENDED IN ASSEMBLY APRIL 12, 2007

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE—2007—08 REGULAR SESSION

ASSEMBLY BILL

No. 362

Introduced by Assembly Member De Leon

(Coauthor: Senator Scott)

February 14, 2007

An act to amend Sections 11106, 12010, 12011, and 12012 of, and to add Sections 12315, 12316.5, 12317, 12318, and 12326 to, the Penal Code, relating to ammunition.

LEGISLATIVE COUNSEL'S DIGEST

AB 362, as amended, De Leon. Ammunition.

Existing law requires the Department of Justice to maintain records pertaining to firearms transactions.

This bill would require the department to maintain additional information relating to ammunition transfers, as specified.

Existing law establishes the Prohibited Armed Persons File, which lists persons who are prohibited from possessing firearms, as specified.

This bill would expand those provisions to include persons prohibited from possessing ammunition.

Existing law generally regulates the sale of ammunition.

This bill would require that commencing July 1, 2008, unless specifically excluded, no person shall sell or transfer more than 50 rounds of handgun ammunition in any month unless they are registered as a handgun ammunition vendor, as defined. The bill would also require these vendors to obtain a background clearance for those employees who would handle ammunition in the course and scope of their

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employment. The bill would require the Department of Justice to maintain a registry of registered handgun ammunition vendors, as specified. Violation of these provisions, as specified, would be a misdemeanor.

The bill would also provide that no retail seller of ammunition shall sell, offer for sale, or display for sale, any handgun ammunition in a manner that allows that ammunition to be accessible to a purchaser without the assistance of the retailer or employee thereof. Violation of these provisions would be punishable as an infraction with a fine of \$500, or as a misdemeanor.

The bill would further provide that handgun ammunition may only be purchased in a face-to-face transaction and only if certain conditions exist.

By creating new crimes, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Existing law provides that it is a crime to sell ammunition to a minor, or to sell handgun ammunition to a person who is under 21 years of age.

This bill would provide that any person under 21 years of age who purchases, or who attempts to purchase, handgun ammunition by using a false identification document, or by otherwise misrepresenting the person's age, and any minor who purchases, or attempts to purchase, any ammunition by using a false identification document, or otherwise misrepresenting the person's age, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

By creating a new crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

Existing law generally regulates what information is required to be obtained in connection with the transfer of ammunition.

This bill would, subject to exceptions, require certain ammunition vendors to obtain a thumbprint and other information from ammunition purchasers, and would require submission of that information to the Department of Justice, as specified. A violation of these provisions would be a misdemeanor.

By creating a new crime, this bill would impose a state-mandated local program.

The California Constitution requires the state to reimburse local agencies and school districts for certain costs mandated by the state. Statutory provisions establish procedures for making that reimbursement.

This bill would provide that no reimbursement is required by this act for a specified reason.

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Vote: majority. Appropriation: no. Fiscal committee: yes. State-mandated local program: yes.

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34 35 The people of the State of California do enact as follows:

SECTION 1. Section 11106 of the Penal Code is amended to read:

11106. (a) In order to assist in the investigation of crime, the prosecution of civil actions by city attorneys pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (c), the arrest and prosecution of criminals, and the recovery of lost, stolen, or found property, the Attorney General shall keep and properly file a complete record of all copies of fingerprints, copies of licenses to carry firearms issued pursuant to Section 12050, information reported to the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12053, submitted pursuant to Section 12326, dealers' records of sales of firearms, reports provided pursuant to Section 12072 or 12078, forms provided pursuant to Section 12084, as that section read prior to being repealed by the act that amended this section, reports provided pursuant to Section 12071 that are not dealers' records of sales of firearms, and reports of stolen, lost, found, pledged, or pawned property in any city or county of this state, and shall, upon proper application therefor, furnish this information to the officers referred to in Section 11105.

(b) (1) Except as provided in subdivision (d), the Attorney General shall not retain or compile any information from reports filed pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 12078 for firearms that are not handguns, from forms submitted pursuant to Section 12084, as that section read prior to being repealed by the act that amended this section, for firearms that are not handguns, or from dealers' records of sales for firearms that are not handguns. All copies of the forms submitted, or any information received in electronic form, pursuant to Section 12084, as that section read prior to being repealed by the act that amended this section, for firearms that are not handguns, or of the dealers' records of sales for firearms that are not handguns shall be destroyed within five days of the clearance by the Attorney General, unless the purchaser or transferor is ineligible to take possession of the firearm. All copies of the reports filed, or any information received in electronic form, pursuant to subdivision (a) of Section 12078 for firearms that are not handguns shall be destroyed within five days of the receipt by

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the Attorney General, unless retention is necessary for use in a
criminal prosecution.
A peace officer, the Attorney General, a Department of

- (2) A peace officer, the Attorney General, a Department of Justice employee designated by the Attorney General, or any authorized local law enforcement employee shall not retain or compile any information from a firearms transaction record, as defined in paragraph (5) of subdivision (c) of Section 12071, for firearms that are not handguns unless retention or compilation is necessary for use in a criminal prosecution or in a proceeding to revoke a license issued pursuant to Section 12071.
 - (3) A violation of this subdivision is a misdemeanor.
- (c) (1) The Attorney General shall permanently keep and properly file and maintain all information reported to the Department of Justice pursuant to Sections 12071, 12072, 12078, 12082, and former Section 12084 or any other law, as to handguns and maintain a registry thereof.
 - (2) The registry shall consist of all of the following:
- (A) The name, address, identification of, place of birth (state or country), complete telephone number, occupation, sex, description, and all legal names and aliases ever used by the owner or person being loaned the particular handgun as listed on the information provided to the department on the Dealers' Record of Sale, the Law Enforcement Firearms Transfer (LEFT), as defined in former Section 12084, or reports made to the department pursuant to Section 12078 or any other law.
- (B) The name and address of, and other information about, any person (whether a dealer or a private party) from whom the owner acquired or the person being loaned the particular handgun and when the firearm was acquired or loaned as listed on the information provided to the department on the Dealers' Record of Sale, the LEFT, or reports made to the department pursuant to Section 12078 or any other law.
- (C) Any waiting period exemption applicable to the transaction which resulted in the owner of or the person being loaned the particular handgun acquiring or being loaned that firearm.
- (D) The manufacturer's name if stamped on the firearm, model name or number if stamped on the firearm, and, if applicable, the serial number, other number (if more than one serial number is stamped on the firearm), caliber, type of firearm, if the firearm is new or used, barrel length, and color of the firearm.

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(3) Information in the registry referred to in this subdivision shall, upon proper application therefor, be furnished to the officers referred to in Section 11105, to a city attorney prosecuting a civil action, solely for use in prosecuting that civil action and not for any other purpose, or to the person listed in the registry as the owner or person who is listed as being loaned the particular handgun.

- (4) If any person is listed in the registry as the owner of a firearm through a Dealers' Record of Sale prior to 1979, and the person listed in the registry requests by letter that the Attorney General store and keep the record electronically, as well as in the record's existing photographic, photostatic, or nonerasable optically stored form, the Attorney General shall do so within three working days of receipt of the request. The Attorney General shall, in writing, and as soon as practicable, notify the person requesting electronic storage of the record that the request has been honored as required by this paragraph.
- (d) (1) Any officer referred to in paragraphs (1) to (6), inclusive, of subdivision (b) of Section 11105 may disseminate the name of the subject of the record, the number of the firearms listed in the record, and the description of any firearm, including the make, model, and caliber, from the record relating to any firearm's sale, transfer, registration, or license record, or any information reported to the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12021.3, 12053, 12071, 12072, 12077, 12078, 12082, or 12285, or information reported to the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12326 as to the brand, type, and amount of ammunition transferred if the following conditions are met:
- (A) The subject of the record has been arraigned for a crime in which the victim is a person described in subdivisions (a) to (f), inclusive, of Section 6211 of the Family Code and is being prosecuted or is serving a sentence for the crime, or the subject of the record is the subject of an emergency protective order, a temporary restraining order, or an order after hearing, which is in effect and has been issued by a family court under the Domestic Violence Protection Act set forth in Division 10 (commencing with Section 6200) of the Family Code.
- (B) The information is disseminated only to the victim of the crime or to the person who has obtained the emergency protective

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order, the temporary restraining order, or the order after hearing issued by the family court.

(C) Whenever a law enforcement officer disseminates the

- (C) Whenever a law enforcement officer disseminates the information authorized by this subdivision, that officer or another officer assigned to the case shall immediately provide the victim of the crime with a "Victims of Domestic Violence" card, as specified in subparagraph (H) of paragraph (9) of subdivision (c) of Section 13701.
- (2) The victim or person to whom information is disseminated pursuant to this subdivision may disclose it as he or she deems necessary to protect himself or herself or another person from bodily harm by the person who is the subject of the record.
- SEC. 2. Section 12010 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 12010. (a) The Attorney General shall establish and maintain an online database to be known as the Prohibited Armed Persons File. The purpose of the file is to cross-reference persons who have ownership or possession of a firearm or ammunition on or after January 1, 1991, as indicated by a record in the Consolidated Firearms Information System, or as indicated in reports submitted to the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12326, and who, subsequent to the date of that ownership or possession of a firearm or ammunition, fall within a class of persons who are prohibited from owning or possessing a firearm or ammunition.
- (b) The information contained in the Prohibited Armed Persons File shall only be available to those entities specified in, and pursuant to, subdivision (b) or (c) of Section 11105, through the California Law Enforcement Telecommunications System, for the purpose of determining if persons are armed and prohibited from possessing firearms or ammunition.
- SEC. 3. Section 12011 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 12011. The Prohibited Armed Persons File database shall function as follows:
- (a) Upon entry into the Automated Criminal History System of a disposition for a conviction of any felony, a conviction for any firearms-prohibiting charge specified in Section 12021, a conviction for an offense described in Section 12021.1, a firearms prohibition pursuant to Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, an ammunition prohibition pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 12316, or any firearms possession prohibition identified by the federal National Instant Check System,

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the Department of Justice shall determine if the subject has an entry in the Consolidated Firearms Information System indicating possession or ownership of a firearm on or after January 1, 1991, or an assault weapon registration, or a .50 BMG rifle registration, or ammunition as indicated in reports submitted to the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12326.

- (b) Upon an entry into any department automated information system that is used for the identification of persons who are prohibited from acquiring, owning, or possessing firearms or ammunition, the department shall determine if the subject has an entry in the Consolidated Firearms Information System indicating ownership or possession of a firearm on or after January 1, 1991, or an assault weapon registration, or a .50 BMG rifle registration, or acquired ammunition as indicated in reports submitted to the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12326.
- (c) If the department determines that, pursuant to subdivision (a) or (b), the subject has an entry in the Consolidated Firearms Information System indicating possession or ownership of a firearm on or after January 1, 1991, or an assault weapon registration, or a .50 BMG rifle registration, or acquired ammunition as indicated in reports submitted to the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12326, the following information shall be entered into the Prohibited Armed Persons File:
 - (1) The subject's name.

- (2) The subject's date of birth.
- (3) The subject's physical description.
- (4) Any other identifying information regarding the subject that is deemed necessary by the Attorney General.
- (5) The basis of the firearms or ammunition possession prohibition.
- (6) A description of all firearms owned or possessed by the subject, as reflected by the Consolidated Firearms Information System or ammunition acquired as indicated in reports submitted to the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12326.
- SEC. 4. Section 12012 of the Penal Code is amended to read: 12012. The Attorney General shall provide investigative assistance to local law enforcement agencies to better ensure the investigation of individuals who are armed and prohibited from possessing a firearm or ammunition.
 - SEC. 5. Section 12315 is added to the Penal Code, to read:

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1 12315. (a) As used in this section, the following terms apply:

- (1) "Handgun ammunition" means handgun ammunition as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 12323.
- (2) "Registered handgun ammunition vendor" means any person or business that has all of the following:
- (A) Any regulatory or business license, or licenses, required by local government.
- (B) A valid seller's permit issued by the State Board of Equalization.
- (C) Is among those recorded in the centralized ammunition vendor's registry specified in subdivision (c).
 - (D) A certificate of eligibility issued pursuant to Section 12071.
- (3) "Immediate family member" has the same meaning as set forth in subdivision (c) of Section 12078.
- (b) Commencing July 1, 2008, no person shall sell or transfer more than 50 rounds of handgun ammunition in any month unless the person is registered as a handgun ammunition vendor as described in paragraph (1).
- (c) A registered handgun ammunition vendor shall not permit any employee who the registered handgun ammunition vendor knows or reasonably should know is a person described in Section 12021 or 12021.1 of this code or Section 8100 or 8103 of the Welfare and Institutions Code to handle handgun ammunition in the course and scope of his or her employment. A registered handgun ammunition vendor is authorized to request a background clearance from the Department of Justice pursuant to subdivision (d) of Section 12076 to determine if an employee or potential employee is a person described in any of the specified sections. The department may require the registered handgun ammunition vendor to charge a fee sufficient to reimburse it for the background clearance authorized pursuant to subdivision (e) of Section 12076. Fees received by the department pursuant to this section shall be deposited in the Dealers' Record of Sale Special Account of the General Fund.
- (d) The Department of Justice shall keep a centralized registry of all persons, businesses, and corporations who are registered handgun ammunition vendors. The department may remove from this registry any vendor who violates the provisions of this chapter. Upon removal of a registered handgun ammunition vendor from this registry, notification shall be provided to local law enforcement

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and licensing authorities in the jurisdiction where the vendor's business is located.

(e) This section does not apply to any of the following:

- (1) Wholesale sellers of handgun ammunition who sell or transfer handgun ammunition to persons or entities as set forth in paragraphs (2) to (8), inclusive.
- (2) Sales or transfers of handgun ammunition by a target facility which holds a business or regulatory license to persons who are on the premises of the target facility or sales of handgun ammunition to persons who are on the premises of any club or organization organized for the purposes of practicing shooting at targets upon established ranges, whether public or private, if the sale of the ammunition occurs at the premises of the target range or on the premises of the club or organization and is sold to a person who is using ammunition primarily at the facility.
- (3) Sales or transfers of handgun ammunition by persons licensed pursuant to Section 12071.
- (4) Sales or transfers of handgun ammunition by commercial hunting clubs, game bird clubs, or pheasant clubs licensed by the Department of Fish and Game.
- (5) Sales or transfers of handgun ammunition by a nonprofit public benefit or mutual benefit corporation organized pursuant to Part 2 (commencing with Section 5110) or Part 3 (commencing with Section 7110) of Division 2 of the Corporations Code, if both of the following conditions are satisfied:
- (A) The nonprofit public benefit or mutual benefit corporation is selling ammunition to assist the corporation or local chapters of the corporation in conducting auctions or similar events at which firearms are auctioned off and to fund the activities of the corporation or the local chapters of the corporation.
- (B) The firearms being auctioned off at the corporation's auctions or events are not primarily handguns.
- (6) A person who is on the centralized list maintained by the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12083.
- (7) Sales or transfers of handgun ammunition to authorized law enforcement representatives of cities, counties, cities and counties, or state or federal governments for exclusive use by those government agencies if, prior to the delivery, transfer, or sale of these firearms, written authorization from the head of the agency authorizing the transaction is presented to the person from whom

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the purchase, delivery, or transfer is being made. Proper written authorization is defined as verifiable written certification from the head of the agency by which the purchaser or transferee is employed, identifying the employee as an individual authorized to conduct the transaction, and authorizing the transaction for the exclusive use of the agency by which he or she is employed.

- (8) Sales or transfers of handgun ammunition to authorized representatives of cities, counties, cities and counties, or state or federal governments for those government agencies in which the entity is acquiring the ammunition as part of an authorized, voluntary program in which the entity is buying or receiving ammunition from private individuals.
- (9) Sales or transfers of handgun ammunition between immediate family members or spouses or registered domestic partners.
- (10) Sales or transfers of handgun ammunition at a target facility which holds a business or regulatory license to persons who are on the premises of the target facility between persons who are on the premises of any club or organization organized for the purposes of practicing shooting at targets upon established ranges, whether public or private, if the sale or transfer of the ammunition occurs on the premises of the target range or on the premises of the club or organization and is sold to a person who is using ammunition primarily at the facility.
 - (f) A violation of this section is punishable as a misdemeanor. SEC. 6. Section 12316.5 is added to the Penal Code, to read:
- 12316.5. (a) Any person under 21 years of age who purchases, or who attempts to purchase, handgun ammunition by using a false identification document, or by otherwise misrepresenting the person's age, and any minor who purchases, or attempts to purchase, any ammunition by using a false identification document, or otherwise misrepresenting the person's age, is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- 34 (b) As used in this section, "handgun ammunition" means 35 handgun ammunition as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 36 12323.
 - SEC. 7. Section 12317 is added to the Penal Code, to read:
 - 12317. (a) As used in this section, the following terms apply:
- 39 (1) "Handgun ammunition" means handgun ammunition as 40 defined in subdivision (a) of Section 12323.

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- (2) "Seller of ammunition" means any of the following:
 - (A) A person licensed pursuant to Section 12071.

- (B) A person registered as a registered handgun ammunition vendor with the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12315.
- (C) A commercial hunting club, game bird club, or pheasant club licensed by the Department of Fish and Game.
 - (D) A target facility which holds a regulatory or business license.
- (E) A person who is on the centralized list maintained by the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12083.
- (b) No seller of ammunition shall sell, offer of sale, or display for sale, any handgun ammunition in a manner that allows that ammunition to be accessible to a purchaser without the assistance of the seller or employee thereof.
- (c) Violation of this section is punishable as an infraction with a fine of five hundred dollars (\$500), or as a misdemeanor.
- (d) The Attorney General is authorized to adopt regulations to implement the provisions of this section.
 - SEC. 8. Section 12318 is added to the Penal Code, to read:
- 12318. (a) Handgun ammunition may only be purchased in a face-to-face transaction, provided that the seller view a bona fide evidence of identity from the retail purchaser and act in accordance with existing law.
- (b) (1)"Bona fide evidence of identity" means a document issued by a federal, state, county, or municipal government, or subdivision or agency thereof, including, but not limited to, a motor vehicle operator's license, state identification card, identification card issued to a member of the armed forces, or other form of identification that bears the name, date of birth, description, and picture of the person.
- (2) "Handgun ammunition" means handgun ammunition as defined in subdivision (a) of Section 12323.
- (c) Subdivision (a) shall not apply to or effect the deliveries, transfers, or sales of, handgun ammunition to any of the following:
- (1) Authorized law enforcement representatives of cities, counties, cities and counties, or state and federal governments for exclusive use by those government agencies if, prior to the delivery, transfer, or sale of the handgun ammunition, written authorization from the head of the agency employing the purchaser or transferee.
- 38 from the head of the agency employing the purchaser or transferee,
- 39 is obtained identifying the employee as an individual authorized

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1 to conduct the transaction, and authorizing the transaction for the 2 exclusive use of the agency employing the individual.

- (2) Sworn peace officers, as defined in Chapter 4.5 (commencing with Section 830) of Title 3 of Part 2 who are authorized to carry a firearm in the course and scope of their duties.
 - (3) Rimfire ammunition.

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- SEC. 9. Section 12326 is added to the Penal Code, to read:
- 12326. (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms apply:
 - (1) "Seller of handgun ammunition" means any of the following:
 - (A) Persons licensed pursuant to Section 12071.
- 12 (B) A person registered with the Department of Justice pursuant 13 to Section 12315 as a registered handgun ammunition seller.
 - (C) A person who is on the centralized list maintained by the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12083.
 - (D) A target facility which holds a business or regulatory license.
 - (E) Commercial hunting clubs, game bird clubs, or pheasant clubs licensed by the Department of Fish and Game.
 - (F) Gunsmiths.
- (G) Wholesalers.
 - (H) Manufacturers or importers of firearms licensed pursuant to Chapter 44 (commencing with Section 921) of Title 18 of the United States Code, and the regulations issued pursuant thereto.
 - (2) "Handgun ammunition" means assembled live ammunition, other than .22 caliber, primarily for use in a handgun.
 - (b) Commencing July 1, 2008, no seller of handgun ammunition shall sell or otherwise transfer ownership of any handgun ammunition without at the time of purchase recording the following information in a format to be prescribed by the Department of Justice:
 - (1) The date of the transaction.
 - (2) The name, address, and date of birth of the transferee.
- 33 (3) The transferee's driver's license or other identification number and the state in which it was issued.
 - (4) The brand, type, and amount of ammunition transferred.
- 36 (5) The transferee's signature.
- 37 (6) The name of the salesperson who processed the transaction.
- 38 (c) Commencing July 1, 2008, the seller of handgun ammunition
- 39 shall also at the time of purchase or transfer obtain the right
- 40 thumbprint of the purchaser or transferee on the above form, unless

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the purchaser or transferee presents a valid hunting or sportsman's license issued pursuant to Section 714, paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive, of subdivision (a) of Section 3031, or Section 3031.2 of the Fish and Game Code, in which case the seller of handgun ammunition shall record the number of the license.

- (d) (1) Commencing July 1, 2008, the records required by this section shall be maintained on the premises of the seller of handgun ammunition for a period of not less than two years from the date of the recorded transfer.
- (2) Commencing July 1, 2008, the records shall be subject to inspection at any time during normal business hours by any peace officer employed by a sheriff, city police department, or district attorney as provided in subdivision (a) of Section 830.1, or employed by the Department of Justice as provided in subdivision (b) of Section 830.1, provided the officer is conducting an investigation where access to those records is or may be relevant to that investigation, is seeking information about persons prohibited from owning a firearm or ammunition, or is engaged in ensuring compliance with the Dangerous Weapons Control Law (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 12000) of Title 2 of Part 4), or any other laws pertaining to firearms. The records shall also be subject to inspection at any time during normal business hours by any other employee of the Department of Justice, provided that employee is conducting an investigation where access to those records is or may be relevant to that investigation, is seeking information about persons prohibited from owning a firearm or ammunition, or is engaged in ensuring compliance with the Dangerous Weapons Control Law (Chapter 1 (commencing with Section 12000) of Title 2 of Part 4), or any other laws pertaining to firearms.
- (3) Commencing July 1, 2008, on the date of delivery of the handgun ammunition, the seller of handgun ammunition shall submit a report to the Department of Justice in such manner as the department may prescribe containing the information set forth in subdivision (b).
- (e) (1) Commencing July 1, 2008, no person shall knowingly make a false entry in, fail to make a required entry in, fail to obtain the required thumbprint, or fail to maintain in the required manner records prepared in accordance with subdivision (d). If the right thumbprint is not available, then the seller of handgun ammunition

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shall have the purchaser or transferee use his or her left thumb, or any available finger, and shall so indicate on the form. If the purchaser or transferee is physically unable to provide a thumbprint or fingerprint, the seller of handgun ammunition shall so indicate on the form.

- (2) Commencing July 1, 2008, no person shall refuse to permit a person authorized under paragraph (2) of subdivision (d) to examine any record prepared in accordance with this section during any inspection conducted pursuant to this section, or refuse to permit the use of any record or information by those persons.
 - (f) A violation of this section shall constitute a misdemeanor.
 - (g) This section shall not apply to any of the following:
- (1) Sales or transfer of handgun ammunition to or between any of the following:
 - (A) Persons licensed pursuant to Section 12071.
- (B) A person registered with the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12315 as a registered handgun ammunition seller.
- (C) A person who is on the centralized list maintained by the Department of Justice pursuant to Section 12083.
 - (D) A target facility which holds a business or regulatory license.
- (E) Commercial hunting clubs, game bird clubs, or pheasant clubs licensed by the Department of Fish and Game.
 - (F) Gunsmiths.
- (G) Wholesalers.
- (H) Manufacturers or importers of firearms licensed pursuant to Chapter 44 (commencing with Section 921) of Title 18 of the United States Code, and the regulations issued pursuant thereto.
- (I) A nonprofit public benefit or mutual benefit corporation organized pursuant to Part 2 (commencing with Section 5110) or Part 3 (commencing with Section 7110) of Division 2 of the Corporations Code, if both of the following conditions are satisfied:
- (i) The nonprofit public benefit or mutual benefit corporation is selling ammunition to assist the corporation or local chapters of the corporation in conducting auctions or similar events at which firearms are auctioned off and to fund the activities of the corporation or the local chapters of the corporation.
- (ii) The firearms being auctioned off at the corporation's auctions or events are not primarily handguns.
- 39 (2) Sales or transfers made to authorized law enforcement 40 representatives of cities, counties, cities and counties, or state or

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federal governments for exclusive use by those government agencies if, prior to the delivery, transfer, or sale of these firearms, written authorization from the head of the agency authorizing the transaction is presented to the person from whom the purchase, delivery, or transfer is being made. Proper written authorization is defined as verifiable written certification from the head of the agency by which the purchaser or transferee is employed, identifying the employee as an individual authorized to conduct the transaction, and authorizing the transaction for the exclusive use of the agency by which he or she is employed.

(3) Sales or transfers of handgun ammunition by a nonprofit public benefit or mutual benefit corporation organized pursuant to Part 2 (commencing with Section 5110) or Part 3 (commencing with Section 7110) of Division 2 of the Corporations Code, if both of the following conditions are satisfied:

- (A) The nonprofit public benefit or mutual benefit corporation is selling ammunition to assist the corporation or local chapters of the corporation in conducting auctions or similar events at which firearms are auctioned off and to fund the activities of the corporation or the local chapters of the corporation.
- (B) The firearms being auctioned off at the corporation's auctions or events are not primarily handguns.
- SEC. 10. (a) The Legislature finds and declares all of the following:
- (1) Although Section 12316 of the Penal Code bars various categories of persons from possessing ammunition, there is no instantaneous means of verifying whether those persons are endeavoring to acquire handgun ammunition from persons authorized to transfer handgun ammunition, and an instantaneous check would be beneficial for both public safety and registered owners of handguns.
- (2) The Legislature on an overwhelming basis in 2001 enacted legislation to identify registered owners of handguns and assault weapons who subsequently became ineligible to possess the same and set forth procedures for those persons to dispose of their firearms and thereby avoid criminal liability for possessing or disposing of their firearms.
- (3) California driver's license number and identification information is contained in all firearms transactions records maintained by the state and the identification number is a

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1 permanent and unique number which identifies who owns what 2 handgun and where he or she resides.

- (b) The Attorney General shall prepare and submit to the Legislature, on or before January 1, 2009, a report concerning all of the following:
- (1) Recommending a clear and succinct general procedure whereby instantaneous background checks can be conducted on persons wishing to acquire handgun ammunition.
- (2) Integration of that system into the current handgun registration process.
- (3) The feasibility and cost of creating the type of background check system referred to in this section.
- (4) The costs overall and to individual users of creating that system.
- (5) The effect of the system on overall efforts by the Department of Justice in terms of information and computerized upgrades that the department is currently undertaking.
 - (6) Specific statutory changes to implement the system.
- (c) It is the intent of the Legislature to enact legislation, based on the Attorney General's report required by subdivision (b), providing that commencing July 1, 2011, prior to the delivery of handgun ammunition by a "seller of handgun ammunition," as described in Section 12326, an instantaneous background check will be conducted in order to determine that the recipient of the ammunition is not prohibited from possessing ammunition pursuant to subdivision (b) of Section 12316.
- (d) It is also the intent of the Legislature that this entire program be fee supported.
- SEC. 11. No reimbursement is required by this act pursuant to Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution because the only costs that may be incurred by a local agency or school district will be incurred because this act creates a new crime or infraction, eliminates a crime or infraction, or changes the penalty for a crime or infraction, within the meaning of Section 17556 of the Government Code, or changes the definition of a crime within the meaning of Section 6 of Article XIIIB of the California Constitution.